

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE



## Tra-Ti

Cervical Cage



# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

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# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## INTRODUCTION

### **Tra-Ti** Cervical Cage    **Features**

- Not lesion persistent that produced by peek material compatible with MR
- Best fit with anatomic structure
- Tantalum marker
- Implantable with Smith-Robinson Technic
- Strong fixation by superior and inferior area with threaded surface and two titanium pins



# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## INTRODUCTION



### Indications

-SL anterior cervical intersomatic fusion cages are designed for the treatment of soft and hard disc degenerative conditions, in combination with anterior cervical plates. Traumatic disc lesions and revision surgery for pseudarthrosis can also be addressed.

### Contraindications

#### a) Absolute contra indications:

1. Infection or inflammation of the cervical spine
  2. Distant infection sites, with potential hematogenous spread to the implant
  3. Metastases of the cervical spine
  4. Patients with an immature skeleton
  5. Patients with neuromuscular diseases, limited available bone at the cervical spine
- #### b) Conditions that increase the risk of failure:
1. Patients with poor compliance
  2. Severe osteoporosis: additional posterior cervical fixation may be required
  3. Metabolic disorders of bone
  4. Osteomalacia
  5. Pathological obesity
  6. Pregnancy
  7. Senility, mental illness, alcoholism or drug abuse
  8. Poor health conditions with regard to wound healing (e.g., skin ulceration, terminal diabetes mellitus, alcoholism, drug abuse, or malnutrition)

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

1

### Patient positioning



Position the patient in a restored physiological lordosis.

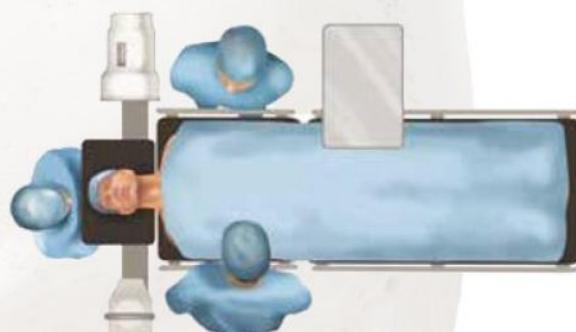


Figure 1a

2

### Exposure



Patient positioning is critical to ensure proper orientation and alignment of the device. The position should be maintained throughout the surgery, and rotation of the head should be prevented.

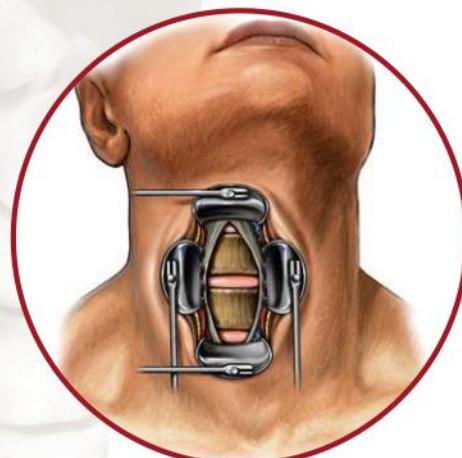


Figure 2a

# Tra-Ti

## Cervical Cage

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

3

### Casper Pin Placement

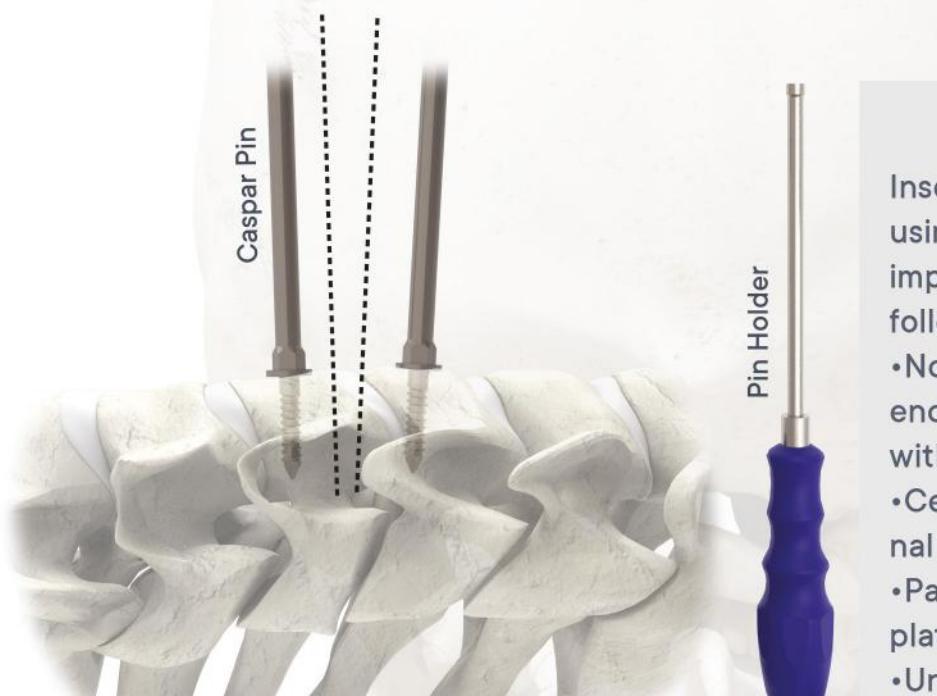


Figure 3a



Figure 3b

 Insert the **Casper Pin (CPC010)** using the **Pin Holder (CPC008)**. It is important to place the pins in the following manner:

- No less than 5 mm from each endplate so as not to interfere with future instrumentation
- Centered on midline in the coronal plane
- Parallel with the vertebral endplates to ensure parallel distraction
- Under fluoroscopy to confirm proper positioning

# Tra-Ti

## Cervical Cage

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

4

### Casper Retractor Placement



Rotate the knob on the Caspar Retractor (CPC009) to distract to the desired height for performing the discectomy; ratcheting mechanism maintains height.

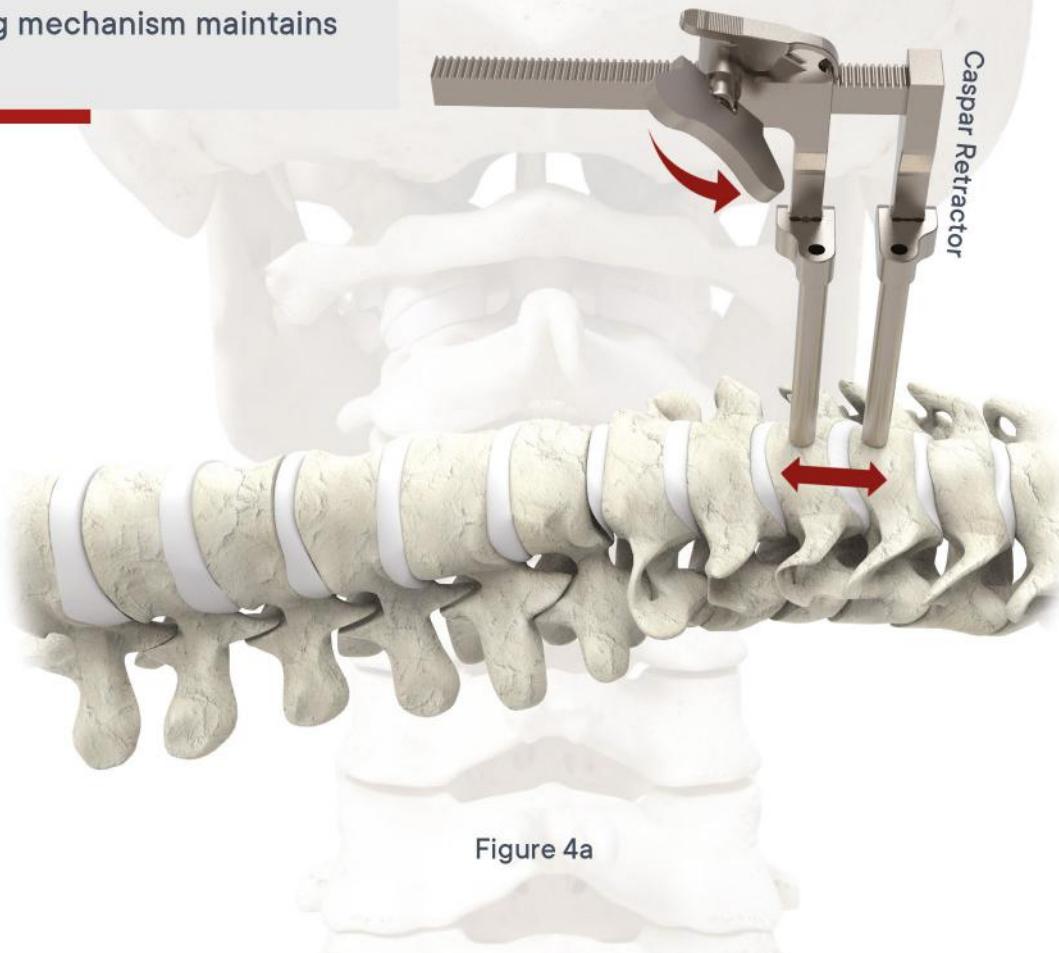


Figure 4a

# Tra-Ti

## Cervical Cage

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

4

### Casper Retractor Placement



Perform a complete discectomy of the disc space between the uncinate processes and back to the posterior ligament. Take care to decompress the foramen bilaterally and respect the bony endplates. **Casper Retractor (CPC009)**

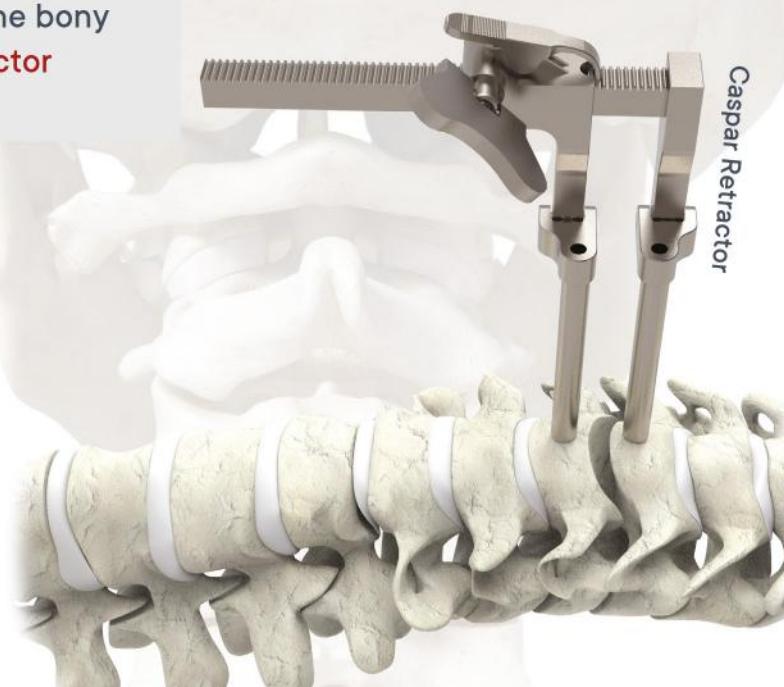


Figure 4a

# Tra-Ti

## Cervical Cage

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

5

### Trialing



Trials, 4 mm (CPC002), 5 mm (CPC003), 6 mm (CPC004), 7 mm (CPC005), 8 mm (CPC006) are placed into the disc space intra-operatively to determine the appropriate implant height and size of footprint. The goal is to select the largest footprint possible and the smallest height necessary. The implant should cover the majority of the vertebral body end plate. Undersized implants lead to increased risk of implant subsidence.

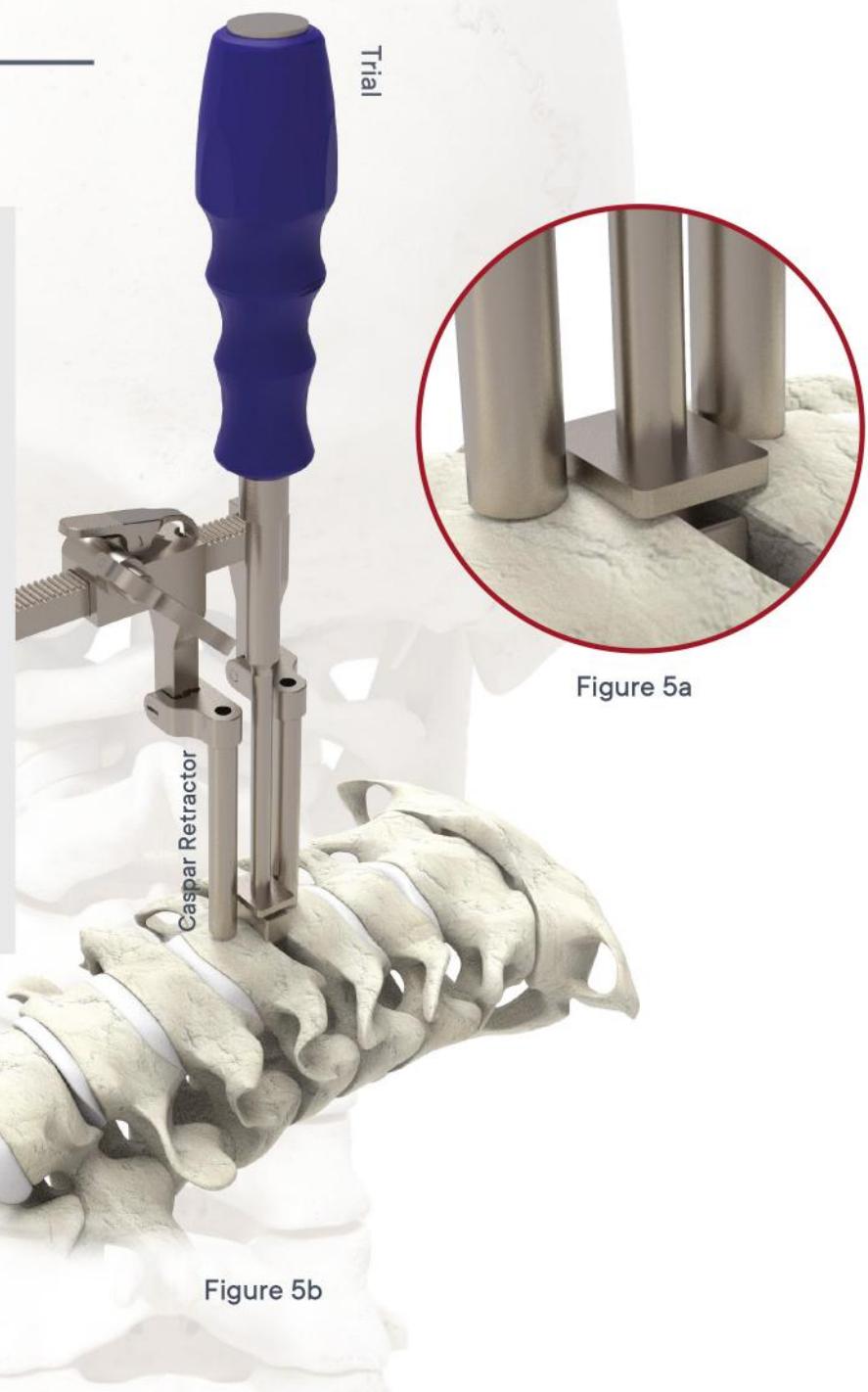


Figure 5a

Figure 5b

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

6

### Implant Insertion



# Tra-Ti

## Cervical Cage

### SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

6

#### Implant Insertion



Implant is inserted into the disc space under fluoroscopy. The **Holder (CPC001)** has a preset depth feature to allow the surgeon placed the implant properly into the disc space.  
**Hammer (CPC011),**  
**Casper Retractor (CPC009)**



Figure 6b

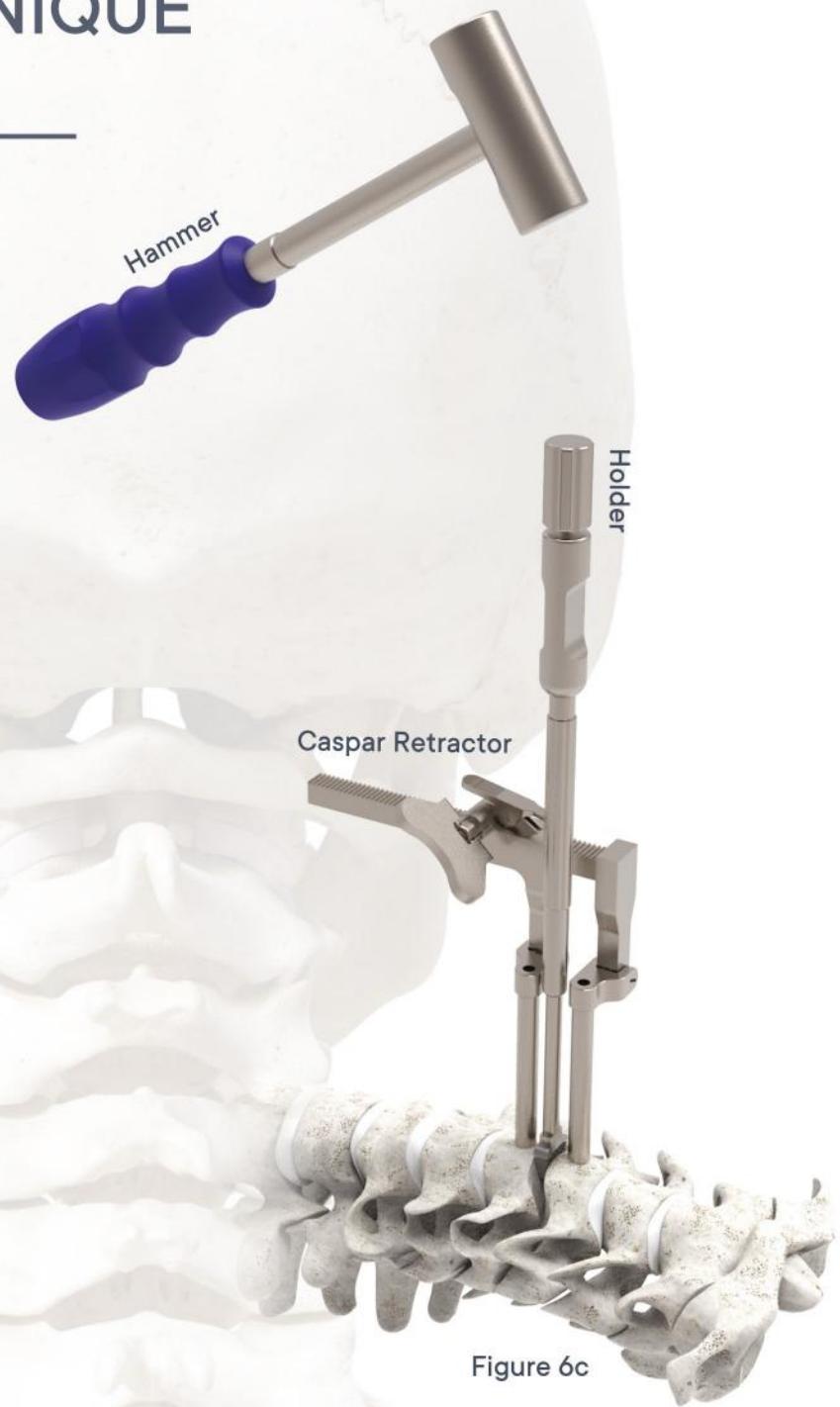


Figure 6c

# Tra-Ti

## Cervical Cage

### SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

6

#### Implant Insertion



A lateral x-ray may be used to confirm placement of the implant. Once the implant is positioned appropriately, the **Holder** (CPC001) can be disengaged.

Holder

Figure 6d

7

#### Removal



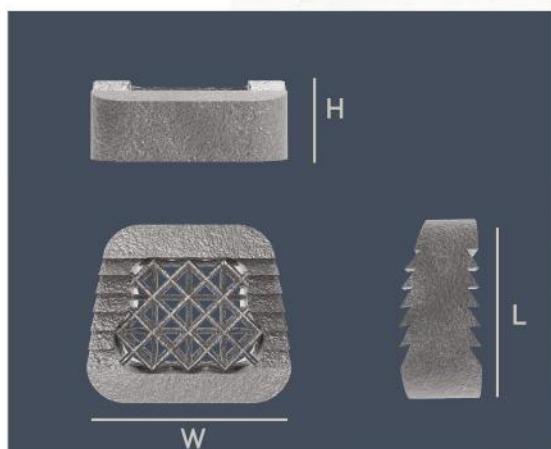
If the implant needs to be removed from the patient for any reason, removal of the implant should be done with the appropriate handpiece. Removal of the implant must be done by the responsible doctor. The responsibility for removal belongs to the doctor.

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## SIZES

Information



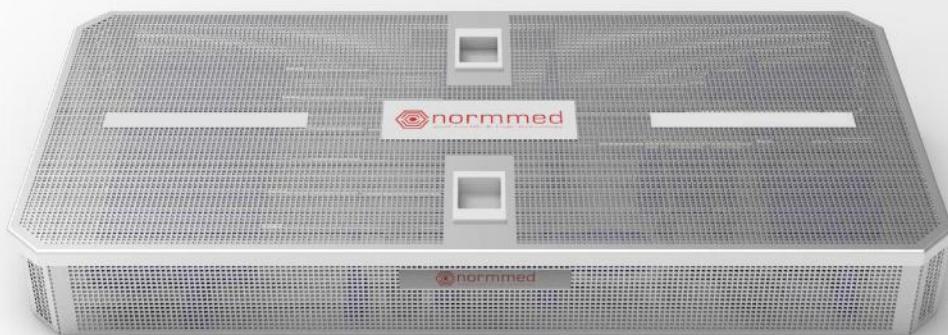
## **Tra-Ti** Cervical Cage

Catalogue No.	Width	Length	Height
NM-TTC041214	14	12	4
NM-TTC041216	16	12	4
NM-TTC041414	14	14	4
NM-TTC041416	16	14	4
NM-TTC051214	14	12	5
NM-TTC051216	16	12	5
NM-TTC051414	14	14	5
NM-TTC051416	16	14	5
NM-TTC061214	14	12	6
NM-TTC061216	16	12	6
NM-TTC061414	14	14	6
NM-TTC061416	16	14	6
NM-TTC071214	14	12	7
NM-TTC071216	16	12	7
NM-TTC071414	14	14	7
NM-TTC071416	16	14	7
NM-TTC081214	14	12	8
NM-TTC081216	16	12	8
NM-TTC081414	14	14	8
NM-TTC081416	16	14	8

**Tra-Ti**  
Cervical Cage

## INSTRUMENT CONTAINER

Container



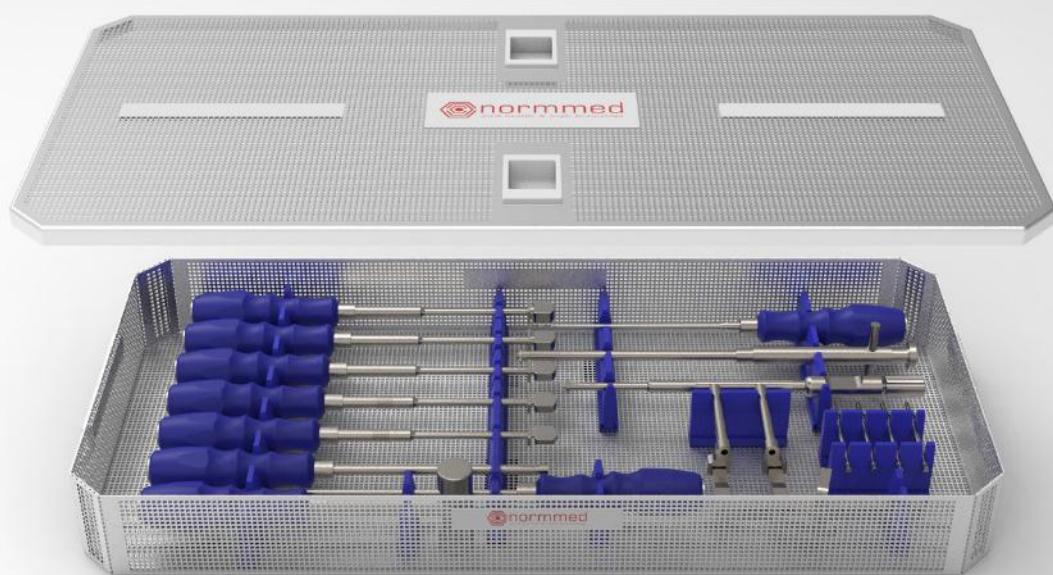
This container is made of wiremesh stainless steel. It has a hight stability, low weight and good sterilization feature.

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## INSTRUMENT CONTAINER

Container

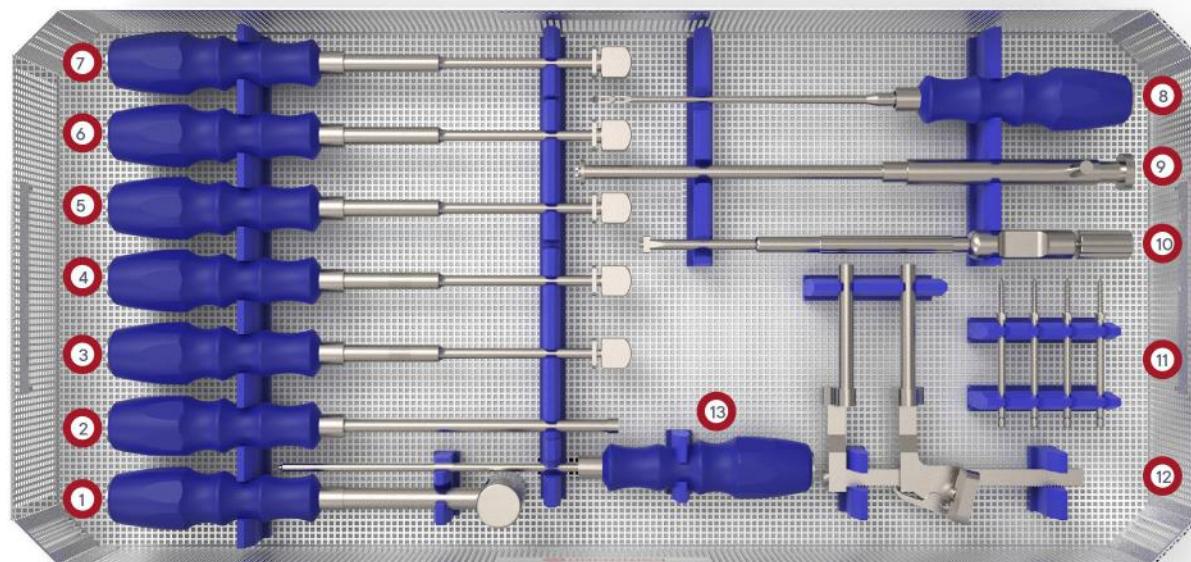


This container is made of wiremesh stainless steel. It has a hight stability, low weight and good sterilization feature.

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

### INSTRUMENT TYPES



Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
01	CPC011	Hammer	1
02	CPC008	Pin Holder	1
03	CPC002	Trial 4 mm	1

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

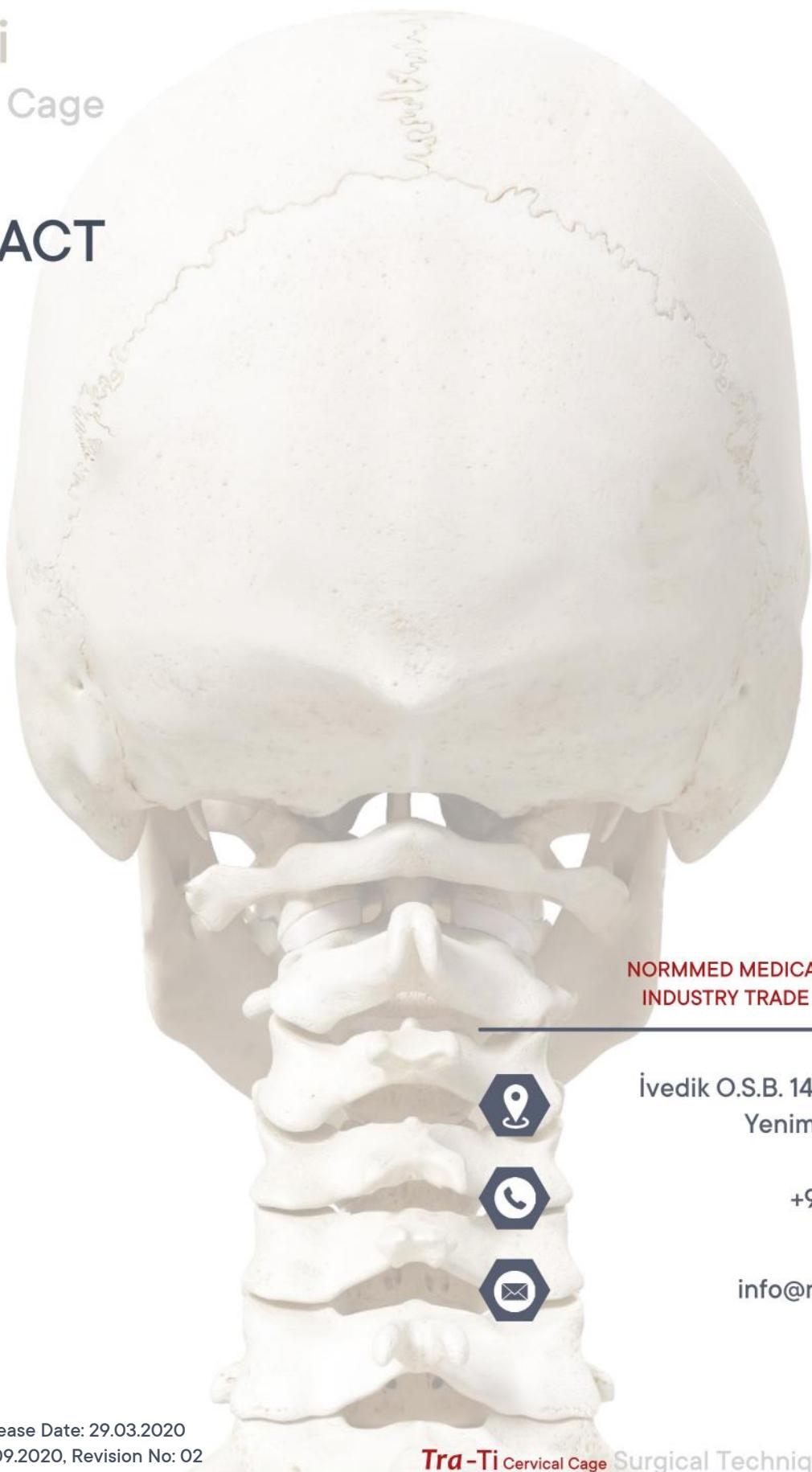
### INSTRUMENT TYPES

Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
04	CPC003	Trial 5 mm	1
05	CPC004	Trial 6 mm	1
06	CPC005	Trial 7 mm	1
07	CPC006	Trial 8 mm	1
08	CPC007	Cervical Reamer	1
09	BCPC001	Polar-b Holder	1
10	CPC001	Holder	1
13	CPC010	Casper Pin	4
13	CPC009	Casper Retractor	1
13	CPC011	Cervical Awl	1

# **Tra-Ti**

## Cervical Cage

## CONTACT



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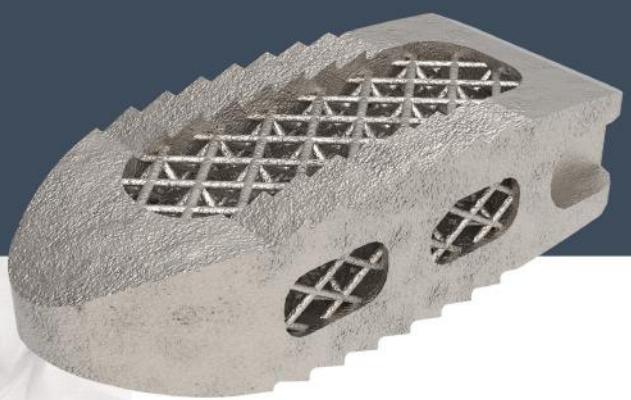
[info@normmed.com.tr](mailto:info@normmed.com.tr)

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE



## Tra-Ti

### PLIF Cage



# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

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# **Tra-Ti** PLIF Cage

## INTRODUCTION

### **Tra-Ti PLIF Cage Features**

- Smooth wedge nose to facilitate insertion.
- Solid-tipped, precisely angled serrations on the superior and inferior surfaces designed for bidirectional fixation and to maximize surface area for endplate contact with the implant.
- Highly porous titanium alloy on top and bottom of implant and all sides of internal graft window.



# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

## INTRODUCTION



### Indications

Indications are lumbar and lumbosacral pathologies in which segmental spondylodesis is indicated, for example:

- Degenerative disc diseases and spinal instabilities
- Revision procedures for post-discectomy syndrome
- Pseudarthrosis or failed spondylodesis
- Degenerative spondylolisthesis
- Isthmic spondylolisthesis

### Contraindications

- Vertebral body fractures
- Spinal tumors
- Major spinal instabilities
- Primary spinal deformities

# Tra-Ti PLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

1

### Patient positioning



Position the patient in a restored physiological lordosis. (Figure 1a)



Figure 1a

2

### Exposure



The PLIF approach can be performed using standard open or minimally invasive techniques. The laminae and articular processes are exposed laterally to the base of the transverse processes. (Figure 2a)



Figure 2a

# Tra-Ti

## PLIF Cage

### SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

3

#### PLIF Site Preparation



Lumbar Reamer (LPC008) can be used to complete the resection in areas of reduced access or to clear an area for insertion. (Figure 3a, 3b)



Figure 3a



Figure 3b

# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

### SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

4

#### Determine Implant Size



Impact an appropriately sized **Trial Implant** with the etch representing the axial canal positioned cranial/caudal. **Hammer (LPC009)**



**Trial 7 mm (LPC002), Trial 8 mm (LPC003), Trial 9 mm (LPC004), Trial 10 mm (LPC005), Trial 11 mm (LPC006), Trial 12 mm (LPC007)**



Figure 4a

# Tra-Ti PLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

5

### Implant Insertion

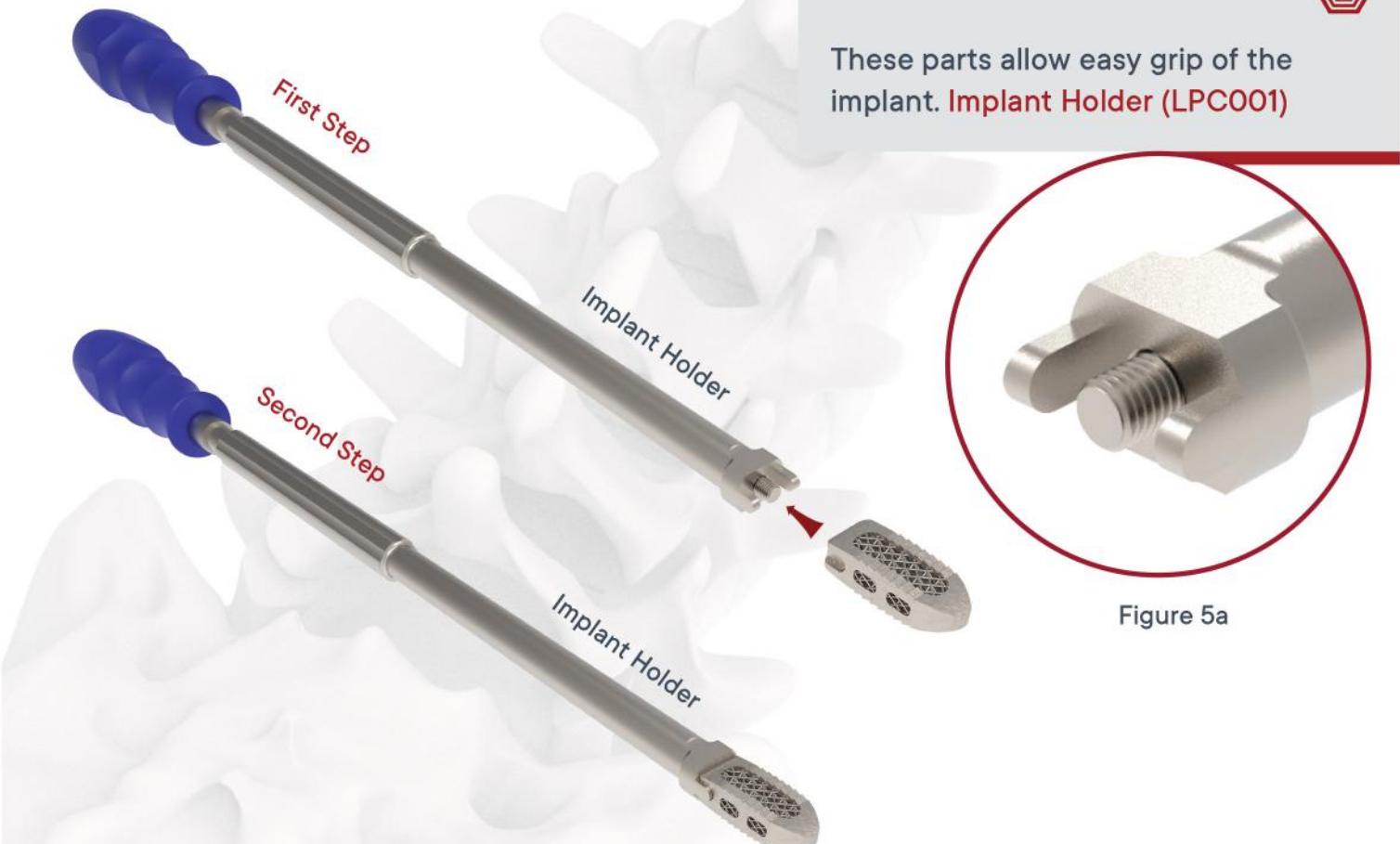


Figure 5b

Figure 5a

# Tra-Ti

## PLIF Cage

### SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

5

#### Implant Insertion



These systems are offered in multiple sizes and lordotic angles, with a central opening that allows for increased graft volume. **Implant Holder (LPC001), Hammer (LPC009)**



Figure 5c

# Tra-Ti PLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

5

### Final Position



Once inserted, the posterior end of the cage should lie between 2mm-4mm anterior to the posterior vertebral body wall. **Implant Holder (LPC001)** is then released. (Figure 5c)

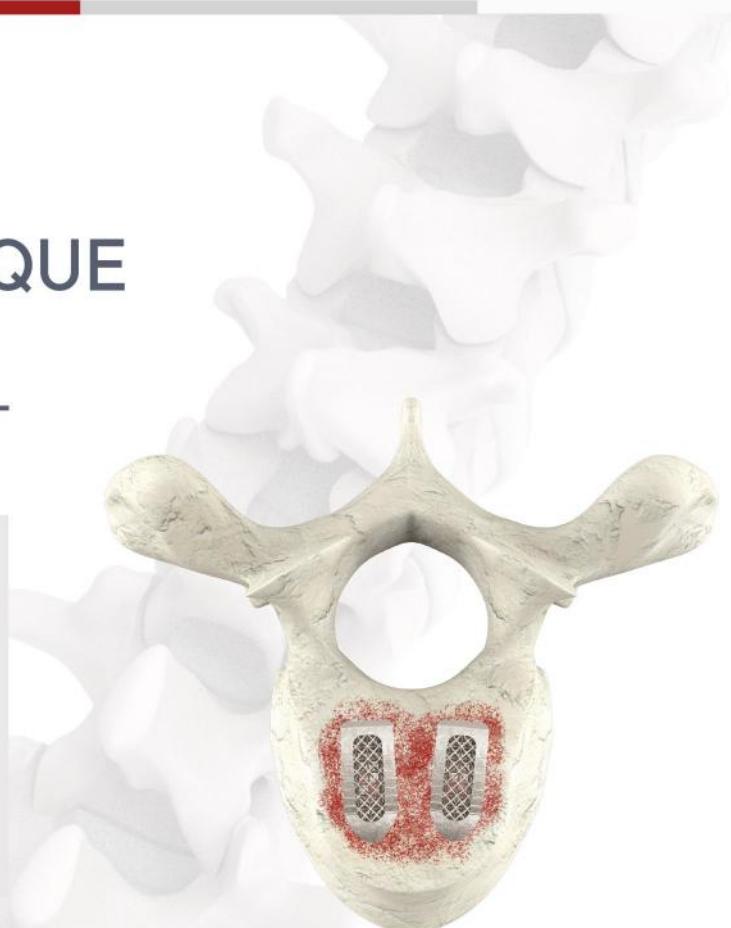


Figure 4c

6

### Removal



For removal step, **Alligator-Exp Extractor (ELPC002)** is placed behind **Alligator-Exp** implant. Retracts by sliding impact. (Figure 6a)



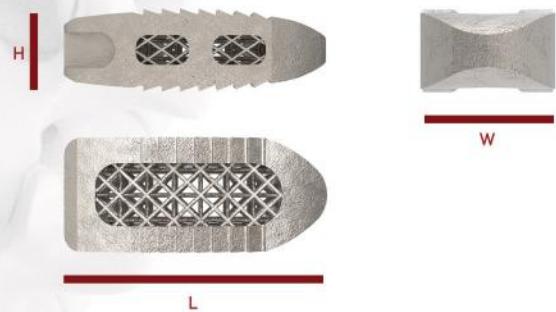
# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

### SIZES OF IMPLANTS

#### **Tra-Ti PLIF Cage**

Catalogue No.	Width	Length	Height
NM-TTP2407	10 mm	24 mm	7 mm
NM-TTP2408	10 mm	24 mm	8 mm
NM-TTP2409	10 mm	24 mm	9 mm
NM-TTP2410	10 mm	24 mm	10 mm
NM-TTP2411	10 mm	24 mm	11 mm
NM-TTP2412	10 mm	24 mm	12 mm
NM-TTP2413	10 mm	24 mm	13 mm
NM-TTP2807	10 mm	28 mm	7 mm
NM-TTP2808	10 mm	28 mm	8 mm
NM-TTP2809	10 mm	28 mm	9 mm
NM-TTP2810	10 mm	28 mm	10 mm
NM-TTP2811	10 mm	28 mm	11 mm
NM-TTP2812	10 mm	28 mm	12 mm
NM-TTP2813	10 mm	28 mm	13 mm
NM-TTP3207	10 mm	32 mm	7 mm
NM-TTP3208	10 mm	32 mm	8 mm
NM-TTP3209	10 mm	32 mm	9 mm
NM-TTP3210	10 mm	32 mm	10 mm
NM-TTP3211	10 mm	32 mm	11 mm
NM-TTP3212	10 mm	32 mm	12 mm
NM-TTP3213	10 mm	32 mm	13 mm



# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

### INSTRUMENT CONTAINER



This container is made of wiremesh stainless steel. It has a hight stability, low weight and good sterilization feature.



Container

# **Tra-Ti** PLIF Cage

## INSTRUMENT CONTAINER



This container is made of wiremesh stainless steel. It has a hight stability, low weight and good sterilization feature.



Container

# Tra-Ti PLIF Cage

## INSTRUMENT TYPES



Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
	01	LPC002	7 mm Trial
	02	LPC003	8 mm Trial
	03	LPC004	9 mm Trial

# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

### INSTRUMENT TYPES

Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
04	LPC005	10 mm Trial	1
05	LPC006	11 mm Trial	1
06	LPC007	12 mm Trial	1
07	LPC008	Lumbar Reamer	1
08	LPC001	Implant Holder	1
09	ELPC001	Alligator-Exp Holder	1
10	ELPC002	Alligator-Exp Extractor	1
11	LPC009	Hammer	1

# **Tra-Ti**

## PLIF Cage

## CONTACT



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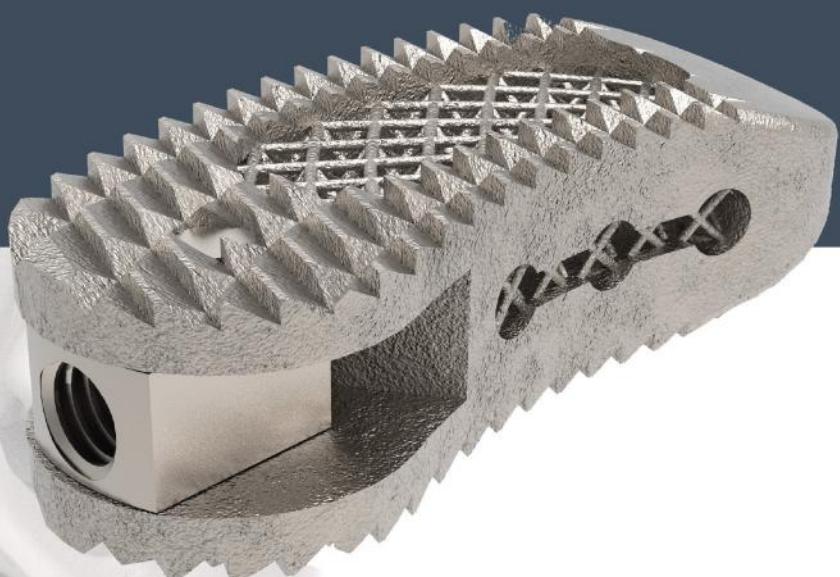
[info@normmed.com.tr](mailto:info@normmed.com.tr)

# SURGICAL TECHNIQUE



## Tra-Ti

### TLIF Cage



# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

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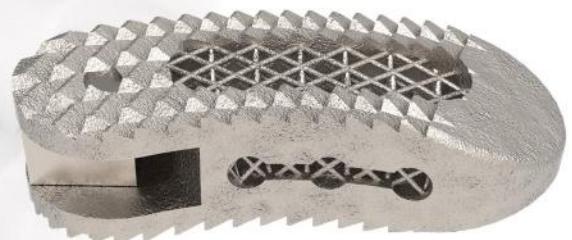
**18**

# **Tra-Ti** TLIF Cage

## INTRODUCTION

### **Tra-Ti TLIF Cage Features**

- Smooth wedge nose to facilitate insertion.
- Solid-tipped, precisely angled serrations on the superior and inferior surfaces designed for bidirectional fixation and to maximize surface area for endplate contact with the implant.
- Highly porous titanium alloy on top and bottom of implant and all sides of internal graft window.



# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

## INTRODUCTION



### Indications

Indications are lumbar and lumbosacral pathologies in which segmental spondylodesis is indicated, for example:

- Degenerative disc diseases and spinal instabilities
- Revision procedures for post-discectomy syndrome
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- Isthmic spondylolisthesis

### Contraindications

- Vertebral body fractures
- Spinal tumors
- Major spinal instabilities
- Primary spinal deformities

# **Tra-Ti** TLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

1

### Patient positioning



Position the patient in a restored physiological lordosis. (Figure 1a)



Figure 1a

2

### Exposure



The TLIF approach can be performed using standard open or minimally invasive techniques. The laminae and articular processes are exposed laterally to the base of the transverse processes.



Figure 2a

# Tra-Ti

TLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

3

### TLIF Site Preparation



Angled curettes can be used to complete the resection in areas of reduced access or to clear an area for insertion. (Figure 3a)

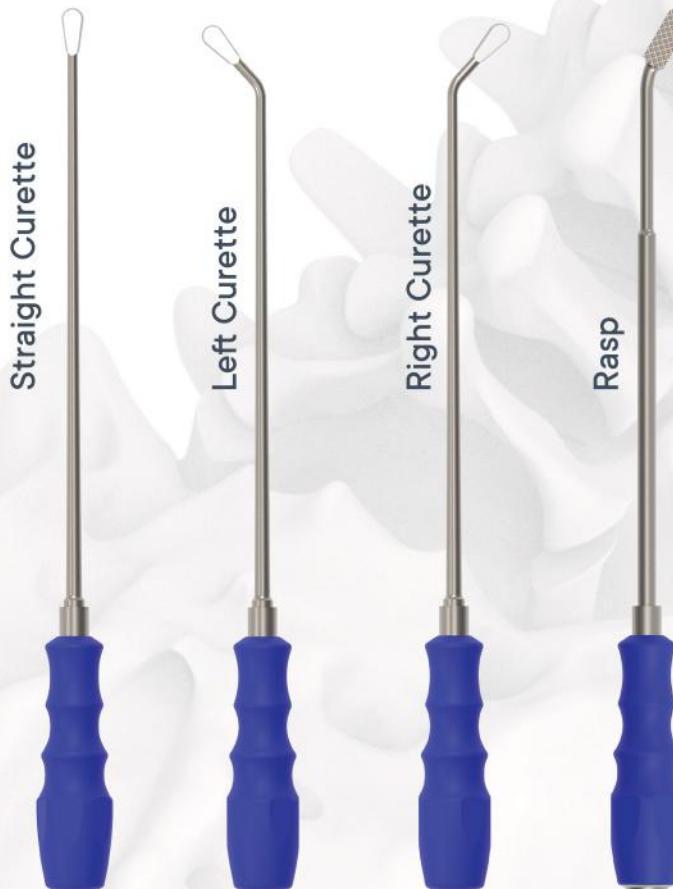


Figure 3a



Straight Curette (NMBC003), Left Curette (NMBC004), Right Curette (NMBC00), Rasp (NMBC012)

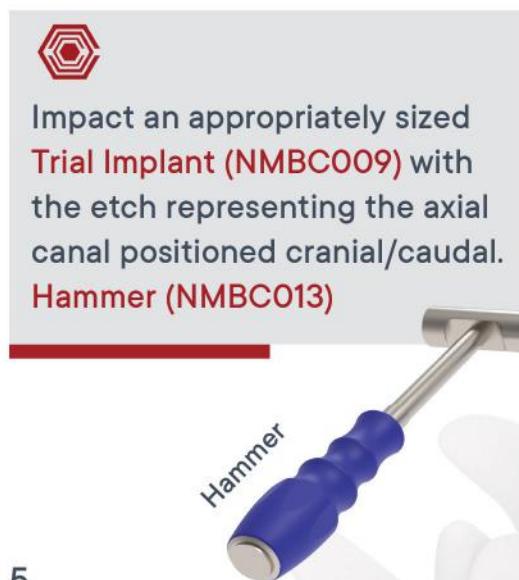
# **Tra-Ti**

TLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

4

### Trial Insertion



5

### Implant Holder

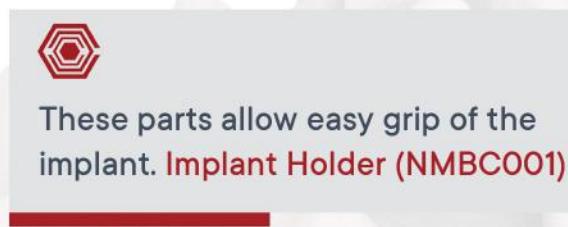


Figure 4a

Figure 5a

# **Tra-Ti**

TLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

6

Implant Insertion

### STEP 1



Be sure to fix it firmly. (Figure 6a)



Figure 6a



One or one and a half turn on  
clockwise to fix the implant.

**Implant Holder (NMBC001)**

# **Tra-Ti**

TLIF Cage

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

6

Implant Insertion

### STEP 2



Figure 6b



### STEP 3



Figure 6c



Position the implant in the correct direction. (Figure 6b)



Turn one or a half turn counter-clockwise to loosen the implant

# Tra-Ti

## TLIF Cage

### SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

7

#### Implant Position



Figure 7a



Continue to impact gently and progressively into the disc space until the implant reaches desired positioning. At this position, the implant is designed to rotate on the rail as the leading edge contacts the ventral annulus. (Figure 7a)

8

#### Removal



#### NOTE:

When deemed medically necessary, for intraoperative rescue, use a **Implant Holder (NMBC001)** to remove.



If the implant needs to be removed from the patient for any reason, removal of the implant should be done with the appropriate handpiece. Removal of the implant must be done by the responsible doctor. The responsibility for removal belongs to the doctor.

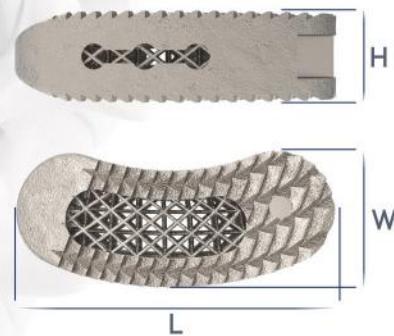
# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

### SIZES OF IMPLANTS

#### **Tra-Ti** TLIF Cage

Catalogue No.	Width	Length	Height
NM-TTT2407	10 mm	24 mm	7 mm
NM-TTT2408	10 mm	24 mm	8 mm
NM-TTT2409	10 mm	24 mm	9 mm
NM-TTT2410	10 mm	24 mm	10 mm
NM-TTT2411	10 mm	24 mm	11 mm
NM-TTT2412	10 mm	24 mm	12 mm
NM-TTT2413	10 mm	24 mm	13 mm
NM-TTT2807	10 mm	28 mm	7 mm
NM-TTT2808	10 mm	28 mm	8 mm
NM-TTT2809	10 mm	28 mm	9 mm
NM-TTT2810	10 mm	28 mm	10 mm
NM-TTT2811	10 mm	28 mm	11 mm
NM-TTT2812	10 mm	28 mm	12 mm
NM-TTT2813	10 mm	28 mm	13 mm
NM-TTT3207	10 mm	32 mm	7 mm
NM-TTT3208	10 mm	32 mm	8 mm
NM-TTT3209	10 mm	32 mm	9 mm
NM-TTT3210	10 mm	32 mm	10 mm
NM-TTT3211	10 mm	32 mm	11 mm
NM-TTT3212	10 mm	32 mm	12 mm
NM-TTT3213	10 mm	32 mm	13 mm



# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

### SIZES OF IMPLANTS

#### **Tra-Ti TLIF Cage**

Catalogue No.	Width	Length	Height	Angle	A°/2
NM-TTTA24074	10 mm	24 mm	7 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24084	10 mm	24 mm	8 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24094	10 mm	24 mm	9 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24104	10 mm	24 mm	10 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24114	10 mm	24 mm	11 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24124	10 mm	24 mm	12 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24134	10 mm	24 mm	13 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA24088	10 mm	24 mm	8 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA24098	10 mm	24 mm	9 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA24108	10 mm	24 mm	10 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA24118	10 mm	24 mm	11 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA24128	10 mm	24 mm	12 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA24138	10 mm	24 mm	13 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA28074	10 mm	28 mm	7 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA28084	10 mm	28 mm	8 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA28094	10 mm	28 mm	9 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA28104	10 mm	28 mm	10 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA28114	10 mm	28 mm	11 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA28124	10 mm	28 mm	12 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA28134	10 mm	28 mm	13 mm	4°	



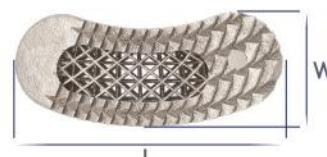
# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

### SIZES OF IMPLANTS

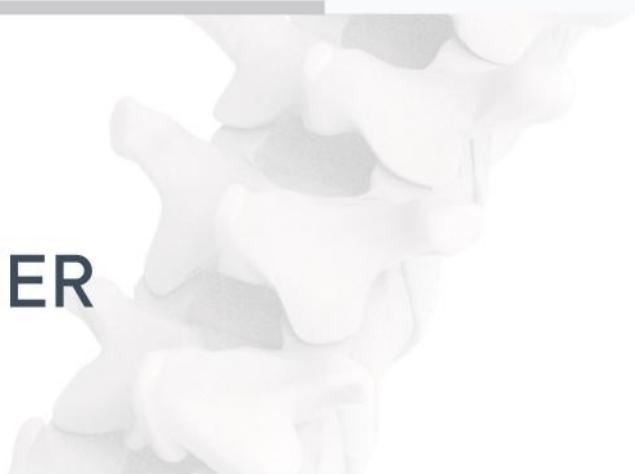
#### **Tra-Ti** TLIF Cage

Catalogue No.	Width	Length	Height	Angle	A°/2
NM-TTTA28088	10 mm	28 mm	8 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA28098	10 mm	28 mm	9 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA28108	10 mm	28 mm	10 mm	8°	A°/2
NM-TTTA28118	10 mm	28 mm	11 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA28128	10 mm	28 mm	12 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA28138	10 mm	28 mm	13 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA32074	10 mm	32 mm	7 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32084	10 mm	32 mm	8 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32094	10 mm	32 mm	9 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32104	10 mm	32 mm	10 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32114	10 mm	32 mm	11 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32124	10 mm	32 mm	12 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32134	10 mm	32 mm	13 mm	4°	
NM-TTTA32088	10 mm	32 mm	8 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA32098	10 mm	32 mm	9 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA32108	10 mm	32 mm	10 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA32118	10 mm	32 mm	11 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA32128	10 mm	32 mm	12 mm	8°	
NM-TTTA32138	10 mm	32 mm	13 mm	8°	

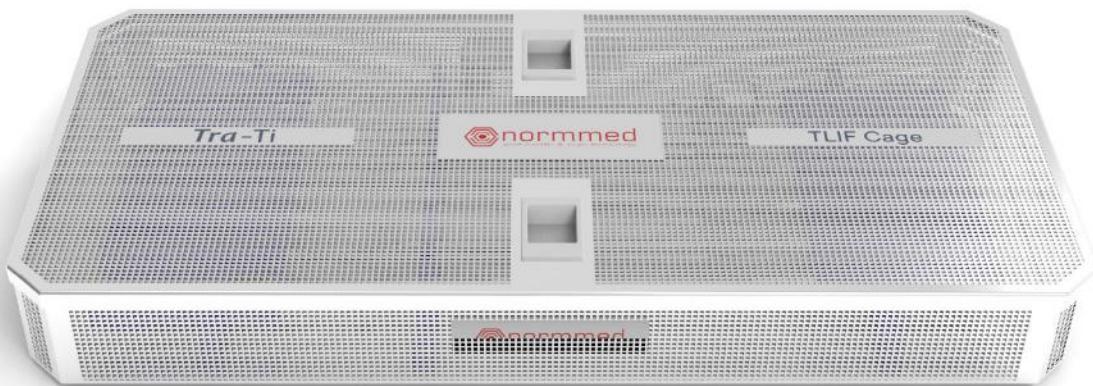


**Tra-Ti**  
TLIF Cage

## INSTRUMENT CONTAINER



This container is made of wiremesh stainless steel. It has a hight stability, low weight and good sterilization feature.



**Container**

**Tra-Ti**  
TLIF Cage

## INSTRUMENT CONTAINER

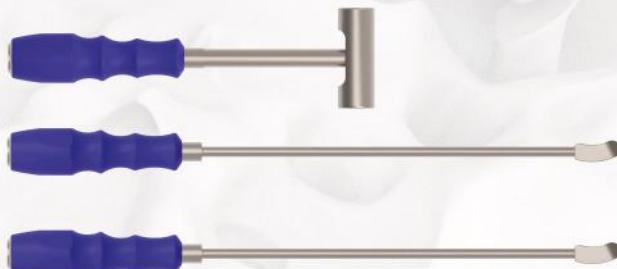
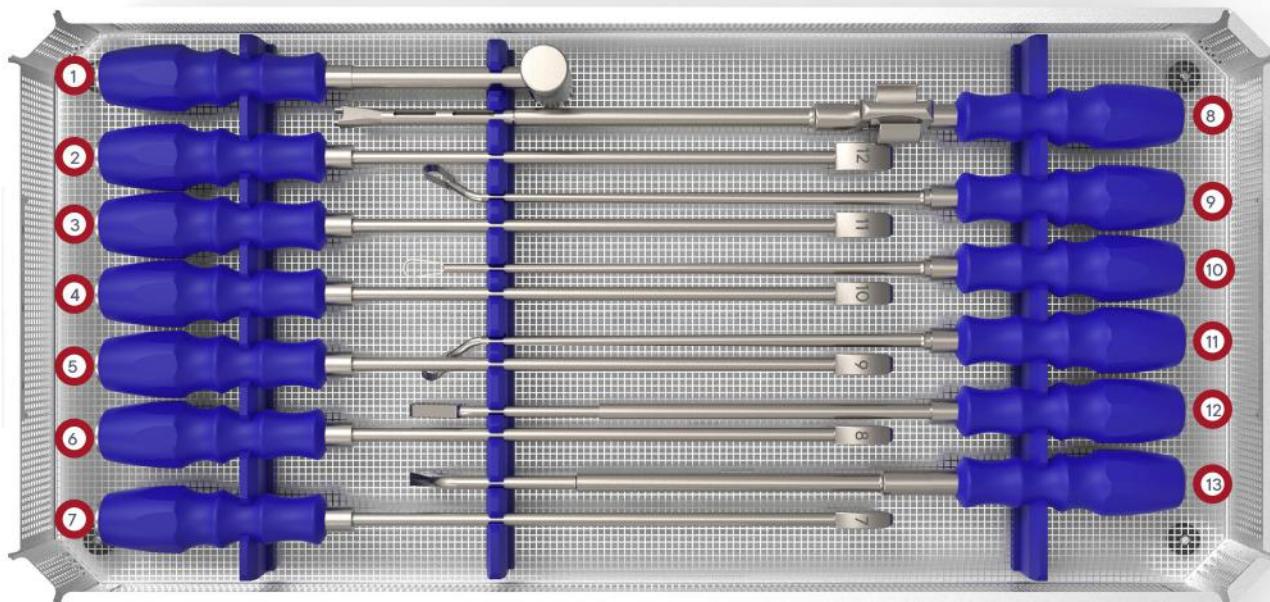


Container

# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

### INSTRUMENT TYPES



Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
01	NMBC013	Hammer	1
02	NMBC011	12 mm Trial	1
03	NMBC010	11 mm Trial	1

# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

### INSTRUMENT TYPES

Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
04	NMBC009	10 mm Trial	1
05	NMBC008	9 mm Trial	1
06	NMBC007	8 mm Trial	1
07	NMBC006	7 mm Trial	1
08	NMBC001	Implant Holder	1
09	NMBC004	Left Curette	1
10	NMBC003	Straight Curette	1
11	NMBC005	Right Curette	1

# **Tra-Ti**

## TLIF Cage

### INSTRUMENT TYPES

Set No.	Catalogue No.	Description	Piece
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12

NMBC012

Rasp

1



13

NMBC002

Pusher

1

**Tra-Ti**  
TLIF Cage

## CONTACT



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